

MBP Antibody (Ascites)
Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab)
Catalog # AM2005a**Specification**

MBP Antibody (Ascites) - Product Information

Application	IF, WB,E
Primary Accession	P02686
Other Accession	NP_001020261.1 , NP_001020252.1
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	IgM
Calculated MW	33117

MBP Antibody (Ascites) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 4155**Other Names**

Myelin basic protein, MBP, Myelin A1 protein, Myelin membrane encephalitogenic protein, MBP

Target/Specificity

Purified His-tagged MBP protein(Fragment) was used to produced this monoclonal antibody.

Dilution

IF~~1:10~50

WB~~1:5000~16000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Mouse monoclonal antibody supplied in crude ascites with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

MBP Antibody (Ascites) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

MBP Antibody (Ascites) - Protein Information**Name** MBP

Function The classic group of MBP isoforms (isoform 4-isoform 14) are with PLP the most abundant protein components of the myelin membrane in the CNS. They have a role in both its formation and stabilization. The smaller isoforms might have an important role in remyelination of

denuded axons in multiple sclerosis. The non-classic group of MBP isoforms (isoform 1-isoform 3/Golli-MBPs) may preferentially have a role in the early developing brain long before myelination, maybe as components of transcriptional complexes, and may also be involved in signaling pathways in T-cells and neural cells. Differential splicing events combined with optional post-translational modifications give a wide spectrum of isomers, with each of them potentially having a specialized function. Induces T-cell proliferation.

Cellular Location

Myelin membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Note=Cytoplasmic side of myelin

Tissue Location

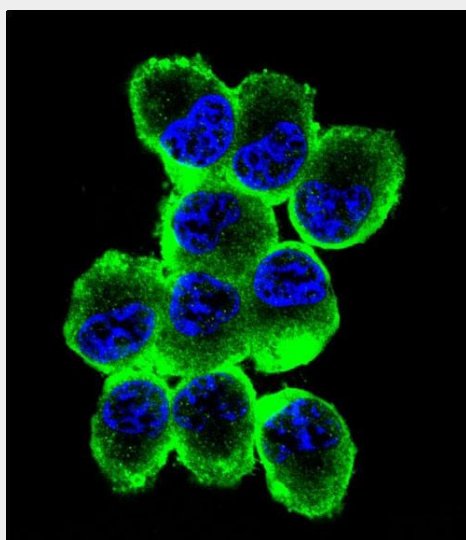
MBP isoforms are found in both the central and the peripheral nervous system, whereas Golli-MBP isoforms are expressed in fetal thymus, spleen and spinal cord, as well as in cell lines derived from the immune system.

MBP Antibody (Ascites) - Protocols

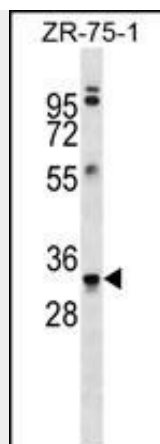
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

MBP Antibody (Ascites) - Images



Confocal immunofluorescent analysis of MBP Antibody (Ascites)(Cat#AM2005a) with NCI-H460 cell followed by Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG (green).DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclear (blue).



MBP Antibody (Ascites)(Cat. #AM2005a) western blot analysis in ZR-75-1 cell line lysates (35µg/lane). This demonstrates the MBP antibody detected the MBP protein (arrow).

MBP Antibody (Ascites) - Background

The protein encoded by the classic MBP gene is a major constituent of the myelin sheath of oligodendrocytes and Schwann cells in the nervous system. However, MBP-related transcripts are also present in the bone marrow and the immune system. These mRNAs arise from the long MBP gene (otherwise called 'Golli-MBP') that contains 3 additional exons located upstream of the classic MBP exons. Alternative splicing from the Golli and the MBP transcription start sites gives rise to 2 sets of MBP-related transcripts and gene products. The Golli mRNAs contain 3 exons unique to Golli-MBP, spliced in-frame to 1 or more MBP exons. They encode hybrid proteins that have N-terminal Golli aa sequence linked to MBP aa sequence. The second family of transcripts contain only MBP exons and produce the well characterized myelin basic proteins. This complex gene structure is conserved among species suggesting that the MBP transcription unit is an integral part of the Golli transcription unit and that this arrangement is important for the function and/or regulation of these genes. [provided by RefSeq].

MBP Antibody (Ascites) - References

Walsh, C.M., et al. Biochem. J. 430(3):453-460(2010) Han, S., et al. Hum. Immunol. 71(7):727-730(2010) Martins-de-Souza, D., et al. J Psychiatr Res (2010) In press : Rajaraman, P., et al. Cancer Epidemiol. Biomarkers Prev. 19(5):1356-1361(2010) Pan, H., et al. Sichuan Da Xue Xue Bao Yi Xue Ban 40(5):775-779(2009)